COMBUSTION

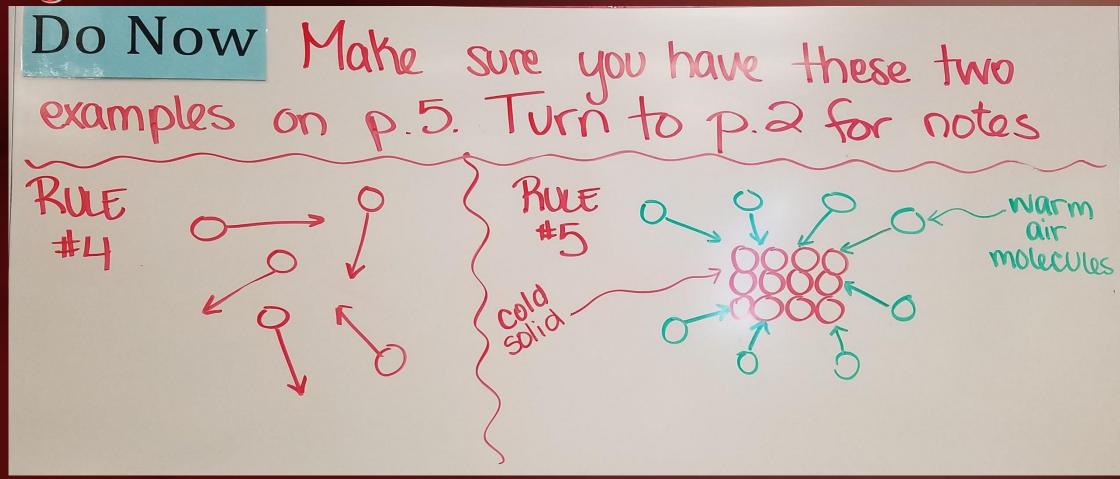
L5: Feel the Energy Move

Guiding Question: What are the key elements of a good model?

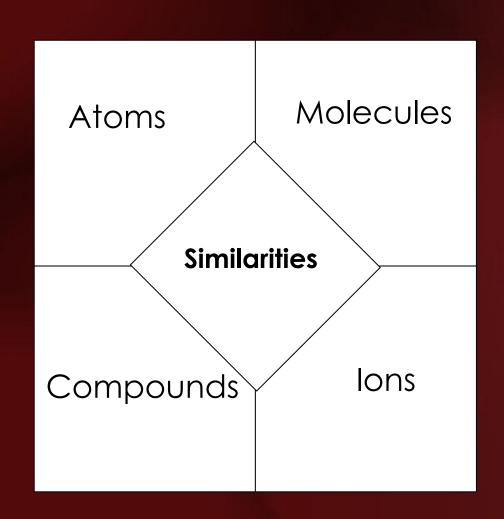
• Do Now:

 What is all matter composed of? Draw a picture of it in addition to writing it down with words.

Guiding Question: What are the key elements of a good model?



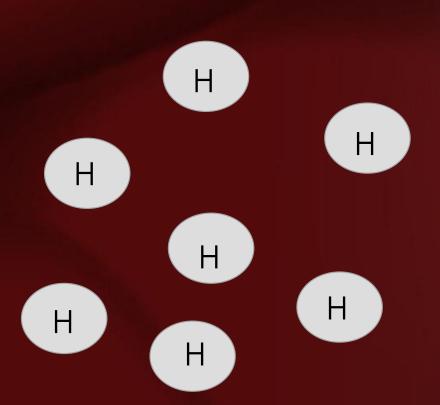
#5 FEEL THE ENERGY MOVE



Directions:

- 1. With your table, you will research -USING YOUR CELL PHONE- what an Atom, Molecule, Compound and Ion are.
- 2. In the diagram, you will draw a model and write a few sentences about what you learn from you research.
- 3. MAKE SURE TO SAVE ROOM FOR NOTES FROM MS. WILSON
- 4. In the middle box, you will compare all 4 different particles.

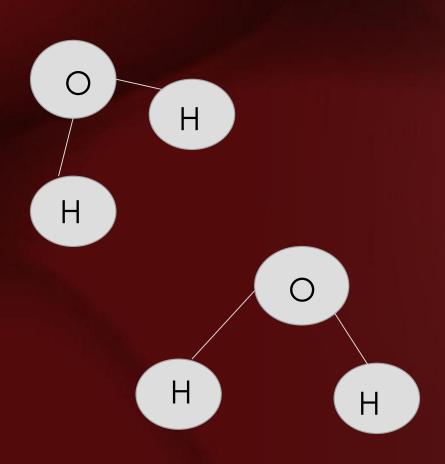
ATOMS



Atoms are the BASIC unit of a chemical element.

In particle models, we draw atoms as single dots or circles.

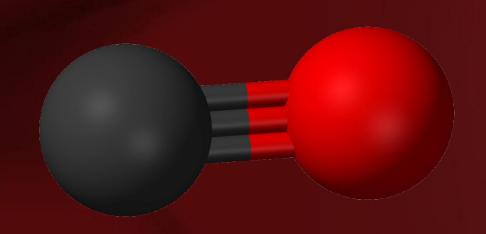
MOLECULES



Molecules are a GROUP of atoms bonded together.

In particle models, we draw atoms as single dots or circles and connect them together using a line.

COMPOUNDS

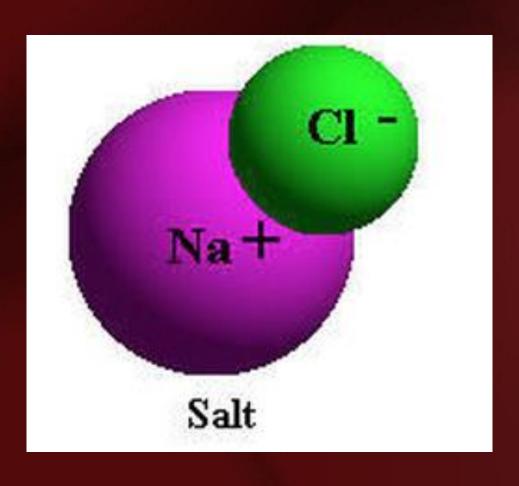


Composed of TWO or more separate elements

In particle models, we draw atoms as single dots or circles and connect them together using a line.

You MUST use two different colors to show the different elements.

IONS



An atom or molecule with a net electric charge due to the loss or gain of one or more electrons

You MUST draw a plus or minus to represent the charge. We will learn how to determine charge later this unit.

PAGE 4-6

Directions:

- 1. On your own, try to figure out the accurate way to draw each example for the given scenarios.
- 2. You will have 20-25 minutes to complete all drawings. Remember- you have notes on how to draw Atoms, Molecules, Compounds, and Ions.
- 3. Once the time is up, you will share your drawings with your group and discuss what you liked about each drawing and how to improve.

NOTES

Rule 1: All matter is made of <u>particles</u>. These are also called atoms, molecules, compounds, or ions.

Rule 2: We draw them using <u>dots</u> and shade them differently (or use different colors) if they are different particles.

Rule 3: We draw solids, liquids, and gases differently because they each have different amounts of <u>space</u> between particles

NOTES

Rule 4: We use <u>arrows</u> to indicate direction and strength of movement (magnitude) of a particle. These are called <u>vectors</u>.

Rule 5: We can show energy transfer by <u>drawing arrows</u> (larger than moving <u>arrows</u>) from one region to another, or one particle to another.

NOTES

Remember: A good model is...

- Labeled
- Has arrows
- Detailed

HOMEWORK

Homework #2 due Friday, 9/1